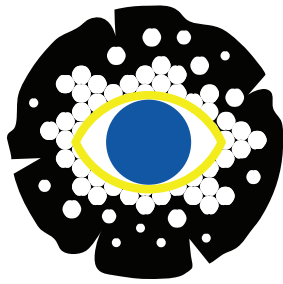


Contents

1	MycoKeys issue 100: progress and innovation to enhance rapid publication in fungal systematics <i>H. Thorsten Lumbsch, Pier Luigi Nimis, Dominik Begerow, Pavel Stoev, Lyubomir Penev</i>
5	Taxonomy and phylogeny of the genus <i>Ganoderma</i> (Polyporales, Basidiomycota) in Costa Rica <i>Melissa Mardones, Julieta Carranza-Velázquez, Milagro Mata-Hidalgo, Xaviera Amador-Fernández, Hector Urbina</i>
49	New species of <i>Hydnotrya</i> (Ascomycota, Pezizomycetes) from southwestern China with notes on morphological characteristics of 17 species of <i>Hydnotrya</i> <i>Lin Li, Shan-Ping Wan, Yun Wang, Naritsada Thongklang, Song-Ming Tang, Zong-Long Luo, Shu-Hong Li</i>
69	New species and new combinations in the genus <i>Paraisaria</i> (Hypocreales, Ophiocordycipitaceae) from the U.S.A., supported by polyphasic analysis <i>Richard M. Tehan, Connor B. Dooley, Edward G. Barge, Kerry L. McPhail, Joseph W. Spatafora</i>
95	Taxonomy and evolution history of two new litter-decomposing <i>Ciliochorella</i> (Amphisphaeriales, Sporocadaceae) <i>Jia-Yu Song, Hai-Xia Wu, Jin-Chen Li, Wei-Feng Ding, Cui-Ling Gong, Xiang-Yu Zeng, Nalin N. Wijayawardene, Da-Xin Yang</i>
123	Taxonomic and phylogenetic characterisations of six species of Pleosporales (in Didymosphaeriaceae, Roussoellaceae and Nigrogranaceae) from China <i>Hongmin Hu, Minghui He, Youpeng Wu, Sihan Long, Xu Zhang, Lili Liu, Xiangchun Shen, Nalin N. Wijayawardene, Zebin Meng, Qingde Long, Jichuan Kang, Qirui Li</i>
153	Exploring diversity within the genus <i>Tulostoma</i> (Basidiomycota, Agaricales) in the Pannonian sandy steppe: four fascinating novel species from Hungary <i>Péter Finy, Mikael Jeppson, Dániel G. Knapp, Viktor Papp, László Albert, István Ölvedi, Károly Bóka, Dóra Varga, Gábor M. Kovács, Bálint Dima</i>
171	Morphophylogenetic evidence reveals four new fungal species within Tetraplosphaeriaceae (Pleosporales, Ascomycota) from tropical and subtropical forest in China <i>Xia Tang, Rajesh Jeewon, Yong-Zhong Lu, Abdulwahed Fahad Alrefaei, Ruvishika S. Jayawardena, Rong-Ju Xu, Jian Ma, Xue-Mei Chen, Ji-Chuan Kang</i>
205	Identification and fungicide sensitivity of <i>Microdochium chrysopogonis</i> (Ascomycota, Amphisphaeriaceae), a new species causing tar spot of <i>Chrysopogon zizanioides</i> in southern China <i>Xiang Lu, Mengxian Mai, Wenhui Tan, Muyan Zhang, Jie Xie, Yi Lu, Xue Li Niu, Wu Zhang</i>
233	The phylogeny and taxonomy of <i>Upretia</i> (Caloplacoideae, Teloschistaceae), reveal three new species from Southwestern China <i>Lijuan Li, Yanyun Zhang, Christian Printzen, Lisong Wang, Xinyu Wang</i>
245	New nephridiophagid genera (Fungi, Chytridiomycota) in a mallow beetle and an earwig <i>Renate Radek, Christian Wurzbacher, Jürgen F. H. Strasser</i>



Hydnotrya oblongispora L. Li & S.H. Li, sp. nov.

For those who want their work rapidly known to the World !

FOUNDER

Lyubomir Penev

Institute of Biodiversity and Ecosystem Research
Bulgarian Academy of Sciences
Yurii Gagarin Street 2
1113 Sofia, Bulgaria
E-mail: l.penev@pensoft.net

EDITOR-IN-CHIEF

Thorsten Lumbsch

The Field Museum
Chicago, USA

DEPUTY EDITOR-IN-CHIEF

Dominik Begerow

Ruhr-University Bochum
Bochum, Germany

DEPUTY EDITOR-IN-CHIEF

Pier Nimis

Universita di Trieste
Trieste, Italy

EDITORIAL DIRECTOR

Pavel Stoev

National Museum of Natural History at the
Bulgarian Academy of Sciences
Sofia, Bulgaria

EDITORIAL OFFICE

Pensoft Publishers

Prof. Georgi Zlatarski 12, 1700 Sofia, Bulgaria.
Tel. +359-2-8704281, Fax +359-2-8704282
E-mail: mycokeys@pensoft.net

FOCUS AND SCOPE

MycoKeys is a peer-reviewed, open-access, rapidly disseminated journal launched to accelerate research and free information exchange in taxonomy, phylogeny, biogeography, evolution and ecology of Fungi (incl. lichens). **MycoKeys** aims to apply the latest trends and methodologies in publishing and preservation of digital materials to meet the highest possible standards of the cybertaxonomy era. **MycoKeys** will publish papers on the monophyletic kingdom Fungi containing taxonomic or ecological data on any taxon of any geological age from any part of the world with no limit to manuscript size.

MycoKeys will consider for publishing works on the following topics:

- descriptions of new taxa, if they are accompanied with proper diagnoses, keys and/or distinction from close relatives or similar taxa
- taxonomic revisions of extant (or "recent") and fossil plant groups
- checklists and catalogues
- phylogenetic and evolutionary analyses
- papers in descriptive and/or historical biogeography
- methodology papers
- data mining and literature surveys
- monographs, conspecti, atlases
- collections of papers, Festschrift volumes, conference proceedings

Papers containing **identification keys** will be accepted with priority. Extensive manuscripts consisting mostly of keys will be considered for publishing as well.

ISBN numbers will be assigned to large monographic papers (i.e., major revisions of taxa), monographs, collections of papers, Festschrift volumes, atlases, checklists, conspecti.

All content is Open Access distributed under the terms of the *Creative Commons Attribution License*, which permits unrestricted use, distribution, and reproduction in any medium, provided the original author and source are credited. Authors are thus encouraged to post the pdf files of published papers on their homepages or elsewhere to expedite distribution.

AUTHOR GUIDELINES

Authors are kindly requested to submit their manuscript *only* through the online submission module at www.pensoft.net/journals/mycokeys. In case of difficulties with the submission procedure, please contact mycokeys@pensoft.net. Full text of author guidelines is available at: <http://mycokeys.pensoft.net/about#AuthorGuidelines>

EXCERPTS FROM THE GUIDELINES

BODY TEXT. All papers must be in English, checked by a native English-speaking colleague (if author(s) is/are not native English speaker(s)). Write with precision, clarity, and economy: use the active voice and first person whenever appropriate.

WEB (HTML) LINKS. Authors may include links to other Internet resources in their article. This is especially encouraged in the reference section. When inserting a reference to a webpage, please include the **http://** portion of the address.

CITATIONS WITHIN THE TEXT. Citations within the text: Before submitting the manuscript, please check each citation in the text against the **References** and vice-versa to ensure that they match exactly. Citations in the text should be formatted as follows: Smith (1990) or (Smith 1990), Smith et al. (1998) or (Smith et al. 1998) and (Smith et al. 1998, 2000; Brock and Gunderson 2001; Felt 2006).

REFERENCES. It is important to format the references properly, because all references will be linked electronically as completely as possible to the papers cited. It is desirable to add a **DOI** (digital object identifier) number for either the full-text or title and abstract of the article as an addition to traditional volume and page numbers. If a DOI is lacking, it is recommended to add a link to any online source of an article. Please use the following style for the reference list:

Published Papers: Smith AR, Pryer KM, Schuettpeiz E, Korall P, Schneider H, Wolf PG (2006) A classification for extant ferns. *Taxon* 55(3): 705–731.

Accepted Papers: Same as above, but "in press" appears instead the year in parentheses.

Electronic Journal Articles: Agosti D, Egloff W (2009) Taxonomic information exchange and copyright: the Plazi approach. *BMC Research Notes* 2: 53. <https://doi.org/10.1186/1756-0500-2-53>

Paper within conference proceedings: Kress WJ, Specht CD (2005) Between Cancer and Capricorn: phylogeny, evolution, and ecology of the tropical Zingiberales. In: Friis I, Balslev H (Eds) *Proceedings of a symposium on plant diversity and complexity patterns – local, regional and global dimensions*. Biologiske Skrifter, The Royal Danish Academy of Sciences and Letters, Copenhagen, 459–478.

Book chapters: Mayr E (2000) The biological species concept. In: Wheeler QD, Meier R (Eds) *Species Concepts and Phylogenetic Theory: A Debate*. Columbia University Press, New York, 17–29.

Books: Heywood VH, Brummitt RK, Culham A, Seberg O (2007) *Flowering Plant Families of the World*. Kew Publishing, 1–424.

Book with institutional author: International Commission on Zoological Nomenclature (1999) *International code of zoological nomenclature*. Fourth Edition. London: The International Trust for Zoological Nomenclature.

PhD thesis: Stahlberg D (2007) *Systematics, phylogeography and polyploid evolution in the *Dactylorhiza maculata* complex* (Orchidaceae). PhD Thesis, Lund University, Sweden.

Link/URL: BBC News (2019) Plants 'can recognise themselves'. http://news.bbc.co.uk/earth/hi/earth_news/newsid_8076000/8076875.stm

CITATIONS OF PUBLIC RESOURCE DATABASES: It is highly recommended all appropriate datasets, images, and information to be deposited in public resources. Please provide the relevant accession numbers (and version numbers, if appropriate).

Examples of such databases include, but are not limited to:

- IPNI (www.ipni.org)
- Morphbank (www.morphbank.net)
- Genbank (www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/Genbank)
- BOLD (www.barcodinglife.org)

Providing accession numbers to data records stored in global data aggregators allows us to link your article to established databases, thus integrating it with a broader collection of scientific information. Please hyperlink all accession numbers through the text or list them directly **after the References** in the online submission manuscript.

INTERNATIONAL CODE OF NOMENCLATURE FOR ALGAE, FUNGI, AND PLANTS. **MycoKeys** will publish papers that strictly adhere the rules of the last edition of the *International Code of Nomenclature for algae, fungi, and plants*. Descriptions of new taxa (species and below) should include the following: 1) a short Latin diagnosis followed by a full description in English, 2) an illustration (line drawing or photograph) clearly showing the diagnostic characters, 2) a comparison of the new taxon with related taxa, a diagnostic key to identification of species-group members, or at least to the closest relatives is highly desirable and may be requested by the editors 3) a discussion of the distinctive morphological characteristics, ecology, geography, and/or reproductive biology, and 4) a statement on preliminary [at least] conservation status for the taxon being described.

OPEN ACCESS FEES. Publication fees in open access journals ensure a barrier-free distribution of your paper at no charge for the readers and include costs involved in processing, formatting, publishing, indexing and archiving your paper.

The journal charges Open Access Publication Fee of EURO 15 per page for papers of less than 100 printed pages. Please visit the "Discounts and Waivers" section at <http://www.pensoft.net/journals/mycokeys> to learn more of our discount and waiver policies.

PRINTED VERSION. Offprints and printed issues of the journal can be purchased additionally (see journal's website). For standing orders/subscriptions please contact the Managing Editor.